This overview summarizes the elements of Root Cause’s Program Quality Roadmap, a proven system for building equity and excellence in social service organizations, including descriptions of each of the Core Components of Quality below.

**Foundational Conditions**

**Organizational commitment to racial & economic equity.**
Structural racism and growing income and wealth disparities in the US mean that communities of color and those struggling to make ends meet are vastly overrepresented in populations receiving social services. High quality cannot be achieved, therefore, without a strong and explicit organization-wide commitment to racial and economic equity that translates into everyday practices for supporting these marginalized communities towards stability and wellbeing.

**Organizational mission & vision are driven by an authentic understanding of community needs and strengths.** A respectful and trusting relationship with the service population shapes the core of the organization’s purpose and intended impact.

**Alignment between organizational mission & vision and program outcomes,** such as in a theory of change or logic model, are foundational for high quality services. Organizational mission & vision are ultimately what quality services aim to achieve, and strong program outcomes are both the result of high quality services and a measure of quality improvement successes.

**Organizational & leadership supports supply tangible and intangible resources** that are necessary for high quality services. These resources include funding, commitment from leaders, physical space and materials, and billing and accounting functions, among many others. These supports enable programs to serve their community, and when they are absent program quality suffers as a result.

**Core Components of Quality**

- **PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY:** How do programs address barriers to participation to ensure community members can receive needed services regardless of zip code, race, gender, language spoken, disability, work schedule, household income, and other factors?

- **REFERRALS & PARTNERSHIP MANAGEMENT:** How do programs give and receive referrals and manage partnerships that lead to seamless service coordination between programs?

- **STAFF SUPPORT & PERFORMANCE:** How do programs support their staff to promote their well-being and enable them to provide the most effective services to participants?

- **TRAUMA-INFORMED PRACTICE:** How are programs designed to identify and address the consequences of trauma?

- **DATA & MEASUREMENT CAPACITY:** How does a program collect and use data to measure performance and progress towards goals and outcomes?

- **EVIDENCE-INFORMED PROGRAM DESIGN:** How do providers use evidence-based models and available research to best meet the needs of participants?

- **FAMILY & COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT:** How are participants involved in the planning, design, leadership, feedback processes, and evaluations of programs designed to serve them?